



State of Utah

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UTAH'S EMPLOYMENT SUMMARY: AUGUST 2015

SALT LAKE CITY — Utah's nonfarm payroll employment for August 2015 grew by an estimated 4.0 percent, adding 52,800 jobs to the economy as compared to August 2014. Utah's current employment level registers 1,378,300.

August's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate rose one-tenth of a percent from last month to 3.7 percent. Approximately 53,600 Utahns were unemployed in the month and actively seeking work. The August national unemployment rate dropped two-tenths of a percent from July to 5.1 percent.

"The economy is such a dynamic system that it is really no surprise to see small movements from one month to the next," reported Carrie Mayne, Chief Economist at the Department of Workforce Services. "Utah's economy is still operating at full employment, with strong job growth across diverse industries."

Nine of the ten private sector industry groups measured in the establishment survey posted net job increases in August as compared to last year, while the Natural Resources and Mining industry shed 800 positions. The largest private sector employment increases were in Leisure and Hospitality (12,800 jobs); Professional and Business Services (9,600 jobs); and Education and Health Services (9,400 jobs). The fastest employment growth occurred in Leisure and Hospitality (9.7 percent); Education and Health Services (5.5 percent); and Professional and Business Services (5.1 percent).

* Additional analysis and tables <http://jobs.utah.gov/wi/pubs/une/index.html>

* September employment information will be released at 9:00 a.m. on Friday, October 16, 2015.

* County unemployment rates for August will be posted on or shortly after September 21, 2015 at <http://jobs.utah.gov/opencms/wi/pubs/une/season.pdf>

Statistics generated by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C., modeled from monthly employer (employment) and household (unemployment) surveys.

**Labor Market Indicators
August 2015**

Utah

Employment Year-Over % Change: 4.0%
Employment # Change: 52,800
Unemployment Rate: 3.7%

United States

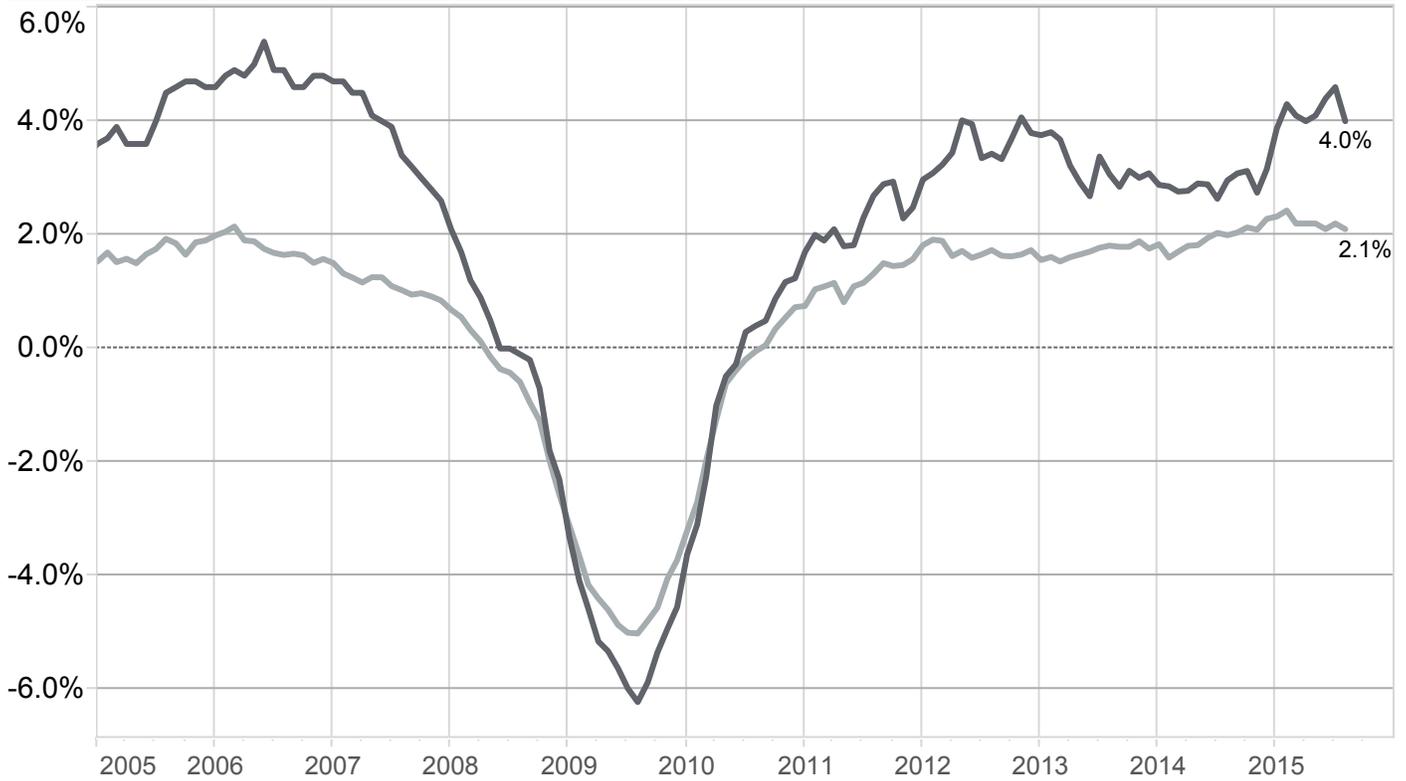
Employment Year-Over % Change: 2.1%
Unemployment Rate: 5.1%

Utah Nonagricultural Jobs by Industry and Components of the Labor Force

Numbers are in thousands	Aug (p) 2015	Aug (r) 2014	Percentage Change	Jul (r) 2015	Jul (r) 2014	Percentage Change
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE (seasonally-adjusted)	1,468.3	1,432.1	2.5	1,471.0	1,429.2	2.9
Employed	1,414.7	1,378.7	2.6	1,418.0	1,375.7	3.1
Unemployed	53.6	53.4	0.4	53.0	53.5	-0.9
Unemployment Rate	3.7	3.7		3.6	3.7	
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (Thousands)	1,378.3	1,325.5	4.0	1,373.2	1,312.7	4.6
Not seasonally-adjusted						
PRIVATE SECTOR	1,160.0	1,109.5	4.6	1,155.8	1,097.7	5.3
GOODS PRODUCING	223.3	216.2	3.3	222.1	215.0	3.3
Natural Resources and Mining	11.6	12.4	-6.5	11.6	12.4	-6.5
Construction	85.2	82.5	3.3	83.8	81.6	2.7
Construction of Buildings	17.1	16.6	3.0	16.9	16.4	3.0
Heavy and Civil Engineering	10.3	9.8	5.1	10.0	9.7	3.1
Specialty Trade Contractors	57.8	56.1	3.0	56.9	55.5	2.5
Manufacturing	126.5	121.3	4.3	126.7	121.0	4.7
Durable Goods	84.3	79.4	6.2	84.4	79.3	6.4
Primary and Fabricated Metals	17.4	17.1	1.8	17.4	17.1	1.8
Computer and Electronic Products	12.5	12.9	-3.1	12.5	12.9	-3.1
Transportation and Equipment Manufacturing	12.5	12.0	4.2	12.4	11.9	4.2
Non-Durable Goods	42.2	41.9	0.7	42.3	41.7	1.4
SERVICES PROVIDING	1,155.0	1,109.3	4.1	1,151.1	1,097.7	4.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	261.0	254.1	2.7	260.8	251.9	3.5
Wholesale Trade	49.6	49.2	0.8	49.8	48.9	1.8
Retail Trade	157.0	152.6	2.9	156.9	151.2	3.8
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	20.8	19.3	7.8	20.7	19.2	7.8
Food and Beverage Stores	23.9	23.5	1.7	23.8	23.3	2.1
General Merchandise Stores	30.3	29.8	1.7	30.2	29.6	2.0
Transportation and Utilities	54.4	52.3	4.0	54.1	51.8	4.4
Utilities	3.8	3.9	-2.6	3.9	3.9	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	50.6	48.4	4.5	50.2	47.9	4.8
Air Transportation	6.3	6.3	0.0	6.3	6.2	1.6
Truck Transportation	21.0	20.6	1.9	21.0	20.5	2.4
Information	35.7	34.0	5.0	35.5	33.4	6.3
Publishing Industries	11.3	10.8	4.6	11.3	10.7	5.6
Motion Picture and Sound Recording	4.8	4.7	2.1	4.7	4.3	9.3
Telecommunications	6.3	6.2	1.6	6.2	6.1	1.6
Internet Service Providers	6.2	5.9	5.1	6.2	5.9	5.1
Financial Activities	78.5	76.3	2.9	79.1	75.5	4.8
Finance and Insurance	59.6	57.9	2.9	60.1	57.2	5.1
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	18.9	18.4	2.7	19.0	18.3	3.8
Professional and Business Services	196.9	187.3	5.1	196.6	184.5	6.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	88.6	83.5	6.1	88.6	82.9	6.9
Architectural, Engineering, and Related	14.9	13.7	8.8	14.9	13.8	8.0
Computer Systems Design and Related	25.1	21.5	16.7	25.3	21.2	19.3
Management of Companies and Enterprises	20.7	20.2	2.5	20.7	20.0	3.5
Administration & Support						
& Waste Management & Remediation	87.6	83.6	4.8	87.3	81.6	7.0
Employment Services	26.1	25.6	2.0	25.1	24.2	3.7
Business Support Services	22.0	19.2	14.6	21.1	18.8	12.2
Education and Health Services	180.4	171.0	5.5	177.5	168.1	5.6
Educational Services	37.9	35.9	5.6	36.9	34.2	7.9
Health Services and Social Assistance	142.5	135.1	5.5	140.6	133.9	5.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	60.1	55.7	7.9	59.0	55.3	6.7
Hospitals	35.7	34.4	3.8	35.6	34.2	4.1
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	25.4	24.6	3.3	25.2	24.5	2.9
Social Assistance	21.3	20.4	4.4	20.8	19.9	4.5
Leisure and Hospitality	145.0	132.2	9.7	144.4	130.9	10.3
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	26.2	20.7	26.6	26.0	20.6	26.2
Accommodation and Food Services	118.8	111.5	6.5	118.4	110.3	7.3
Accommodation	19.7	20.1	-2.0	19.5	19.8	-1.5
Food Services and Drinking Places	99.1	91.4	8.4	98.9	90.5	9.3
Other Services	39.2	38.4	2.1	39.8	38.4	3.6
Government	218.3	216.0	1.1	217.4	215.0	1.1
Federal Government	35.5	34.9	1.7	35.4	34.6	2.3
Federal Defense	16.2	16.1	0.6	16.2	16.0	1.3
Other Federal Government	19.3	18.8	2.7	19.2	18.6	3.2
State Government	71.2	69.9	1.9	71.5	70.3	1.7
State Schools	42.7	40.1	6.5	43.0	40.4	6.4
Other State Government	28.5	29.8	-4.4	28.5	29.9	-4.7
Local Government	111.6	111.2	0.4	110.5	110.1	0.4
Local Education	56.0	55.7	0.5	54.7	54.4	0.6
Other Local Government	55.6	55.5	0.2	55.8	55.7	0.2

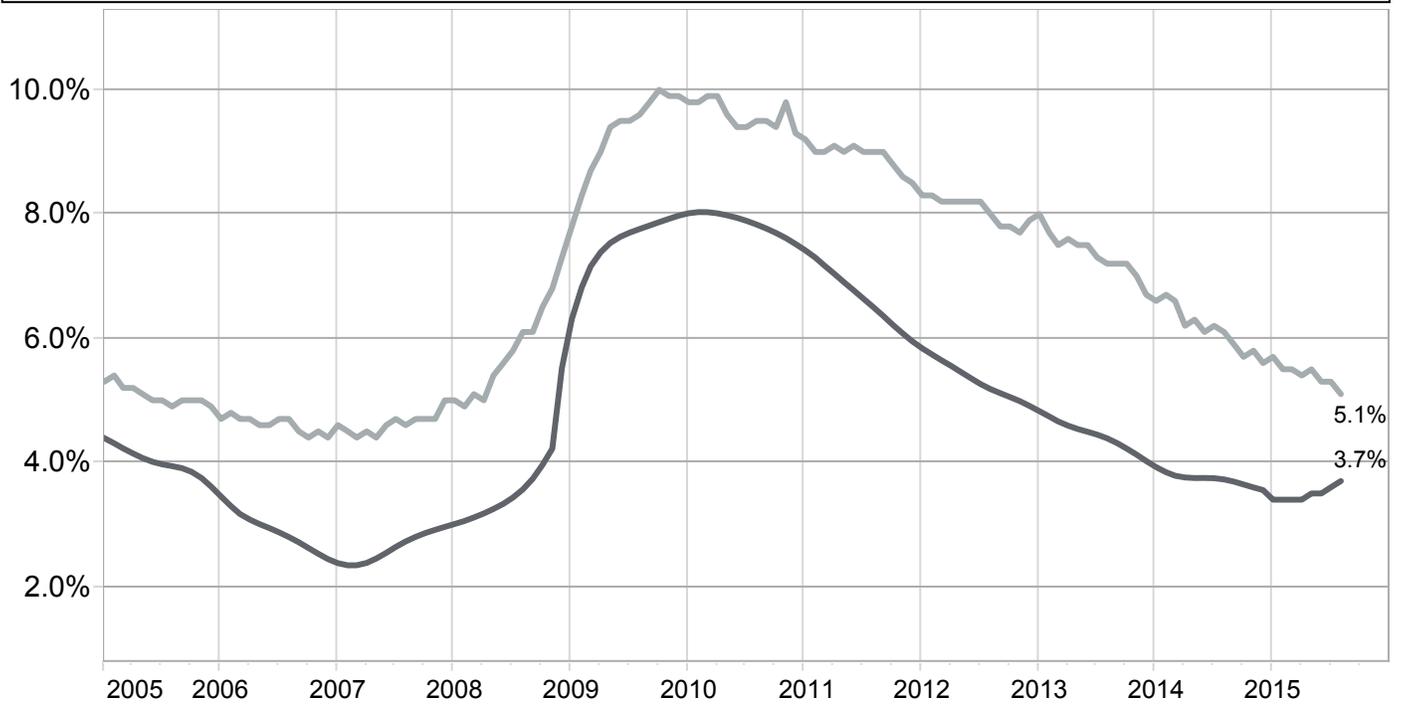
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics: Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS); Current Employment Statistics (CES). Sept 18, 2015
p = preliminary r = revised

Year-Over Percent Change In Nonfarm Jobs



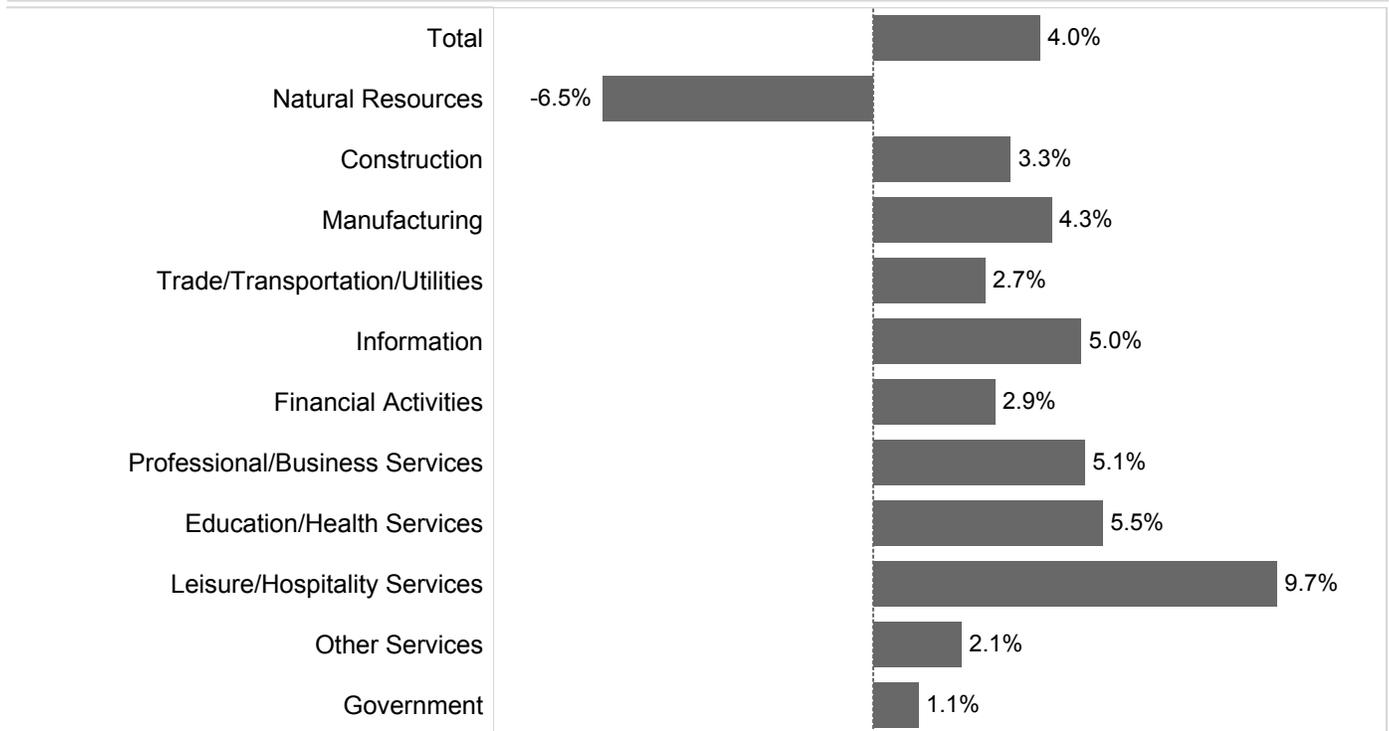
■ Utah
■ US

Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates

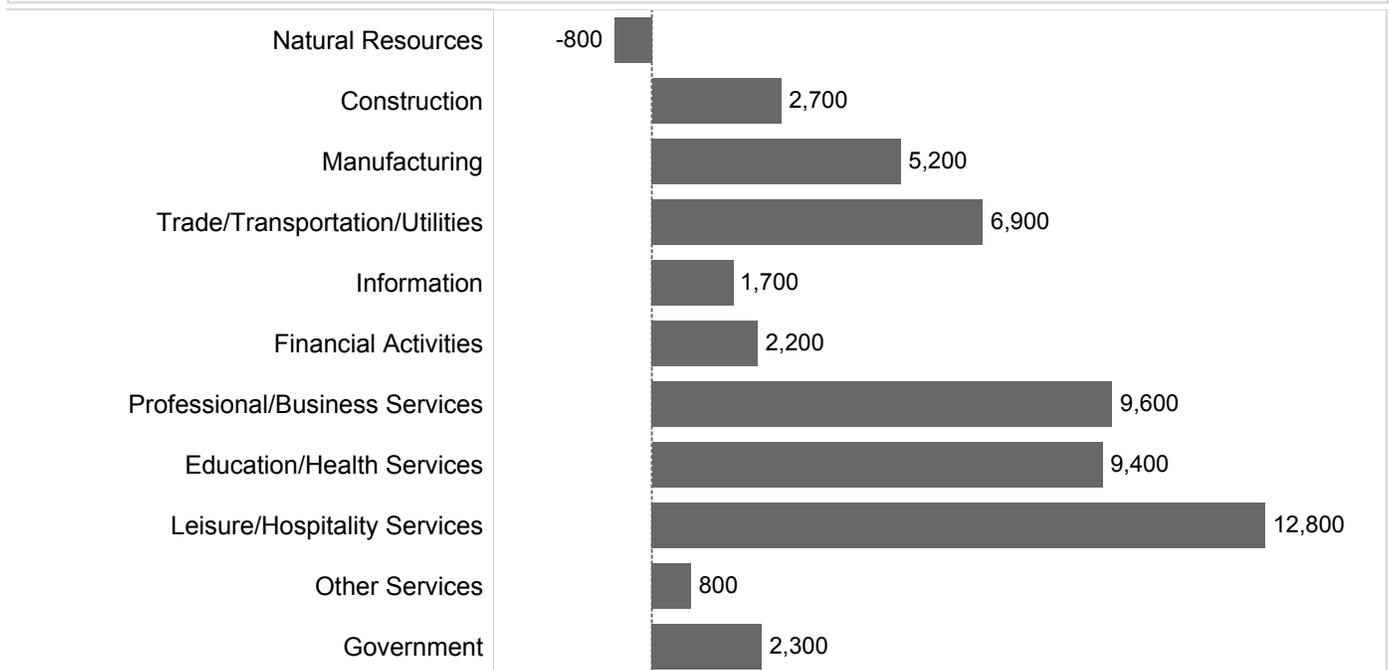


Utah Nonfarm Industry Profiles August 2014 - 2015

Percentage Change



Numeric Change



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT IN UTAH'S COUNTIES

	August 2015 <i>Estimate</i>	August 2014 <i>Actual</i>	Percent Change	July 2015 <i>Estimate</i>	June 2015 <i>Estimate</i>
BEAVER	2,347	2,233	5.1	2,321	2,385
BOX ELDER	18,035	17,739	1.7	17,903	18,027
CACHE	52,721	51,553	2.3	51,739	54,918
CARBON	8,730	8,466	3.1	8,729	9,119
DAGGETT	483	475	1.7	476	462
DAVIS	119,158	115,392	3.3	119,610	119,306
DUCHESNE	8,772	9,663	-9.2	8,811	8,937
EMERY	3,118	3,347	-6.8	3,142	3,195
GARFIELD	2,674	2,609	2.5	2,670	2,783
GRAND	5,698	5,579	2.1	5,708	5,847
IRON	15,650	15,399	1.6	15,567	15,934
JUAB	3,484	3,283	6.1	3,412	3,488
KANE	3,746	3,685	1.7	3,718	3,695
MILLARD	4,195	4,148	1.1	4,205	4,224
MORGAN	2,113	2,050	3.1	2,014	2,053
PIUTE	233	231	0.8	230	226
RICH	960	939	2.2	925	829
SALT LAKE	661,887	638,052	3.7	656,557	662,459
SAN JUAN	4,354	4,250	2.4	4,108	4,322
SANPETE	6,890	6,866	0.3	6,844	7,591
SEVIER	8,421	8,204	2.6	8,410	8,458
SUMMIT	23,926	23,294	2.7	23,763	23,400
TOOELE	15,063	15,035	0.2	14,836	15,070
UINTAH	14,211	15,254	-6.8	14,005	14,564
UTAH	219,973	207,306	6.1	216,034	218,123
WASATCH	7,789	7,499	3.9	7,670	7,878
WASHINGTON	57,516	54,569	5.4	56,457	57,307
WAYNE	1,049	1,053	-0.3	1,073	1,084
WEBER	100,344	96,720	3.7	99,822	100,868

Note: Numbers have been left unrounded for convenience rather than to denote accuracy.

Note: Employment numbers are not seasonally adjusted. Therefore, comparisons of employment levels from one month to the next should not be used as job creation/loss estimates between those months. Seasonal factors could be the reason. For example, employment levels in September are employment levels in September are usually higher than in August, as school employment resumes.

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Research and Analysis, 9/18/2015